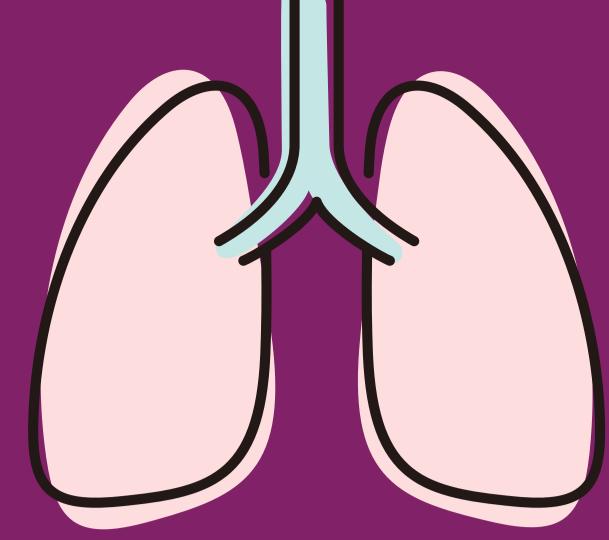
Do I Have High Blood Pressure in My Lungs?

High blood pressure in the lungs is called pulmonary hypertension (PH).



PH can affect your ability to do daily chores and physical activities, and to sleep, think and more. Untreated, PH can lead to right heart failure and death.

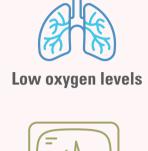
Common Symptoms

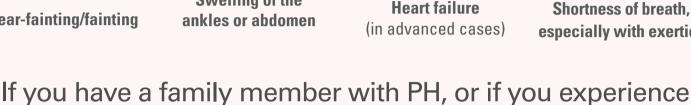


Near-fainting/fainting

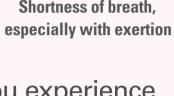












symptoms that are not explained by other diseases, contact your doctor about a pulmonary hypertension evaluation. Diagnosis

Additional tests may be needed to confirm your diagnosis.



Here are the most common diagnostic tests for PH: - Echocardiogram - Heart Catheterization,

- the "gold standard" test
- to diagnose PH The 5 Types of PH

Group Type Cause Stiffness, narrowing **Pulmonary Arterial** Group 1 or scarring of the Hypertension (PAH) pulmonary arteries

Group 2	PH due to Left Heart Disease	Left side of the heart does not pump correctly
Group 3	PH due to Chronic Lung Disease or Hypoxia	Shortage of oxygen, or emphysema, fibrosis or other lung disease
Group 4	PH due to Chronic Arterial Obstructions (blood clots)	Long-standing blood clots that block pulmonary arteries
Group 5	PH due to multifactorial mechanisms	Not fully understood
net Patiente Have I		

Most Common Type of PH by WHO Group Group 2 PH due to Left Heart Disease

Due to Left Heart Disease

33.5%

Group 3

13.6%

Groups 2, 3 & 4

2.5%

Groups 2 & 3 PH due to Left Heart & Lung Diseas 28.3%

Group 1 PH due to Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) **15.6%**

Group 4 PH due to Chronic Arterial Obstructions (blood clots) 2.5%

Groups 2 & 4 PH due to Left Heart Disease & Blood Clots 2.3%

Groups 3 & 4 PH due to Lung Disease & Blood Clots 1.3%

FEMALES





PH due to Chronic Lung

PH due to Left Heart Disease,

Lung Disease and Blood Clots

Disease & Hypoxia



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Sources: